# Constitutional Bodies

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| |  | | --- | | **1)   Which of the following is/are true regarding Advocate General of the state?  1) Article 165 provides for Advocate general of state. 2) He can be member of Committees of the State Legislature.**   **a. Only 1 b. Only 2 c. Both 1 and 2 d. Neither 1 nor 2** | |
| **2)   Who among the following is the first Attorney General of India?**  **a.** S.V. Gupte  **b.** Soli J. Sorabjee  **c.** M.C. Setalvad  **d.** M. Ananthasayanam Ayyangar   |  | | --- | |  | |  | |
| **3)   Which of the following is/are true regarding duties and rights of Attorney General (AG)? 1) He can pursue private legal practice. 2) To represent India in Supreme Court for a Presidential reference. 3) Perform duties of a legal character that are assigned to him by the President.**   **a. 2, 3 b. 1, 2 c. 1, 3 d. All of the above**   |  | | --- | |  | |
| **4)   Which of the following is/are true regarding Attorney General of India? 1) Article 76 deals with Attorney General of India. 2) Post of Solicitor General is not created by the Constitution.**   **a. Only 1 b. Only 2 c. Both 1 and 2 d. Neither 1 nor 2**   |  | | --- | |  | |
| **5)   What is role of CAG in Audit of Corporations? 1) CAG appoints members to Audit Board. 2) RBI is audited by CAG.**   **a. Only 1 b. Only 2 c. Both 1 and 2 d. Neither 1 nor 2**   |  | | --- | |  | |
| **6)   Which of the following is/are true? 1) CAG cannot conduct propriety audit. 2) CAG is responsible only to the Parliament.**   **a. Only 1 b. Only 2 c. Both 1 and 2 d. Neither 1 nor 2** |
| **7)   What are duties and powers of CAG? 1) Parliament can define duties of CAG. 2) The net proceeds of any tax or duty is decided and certified by CAG. 3) But this certification is not final. 4) CAG audits the accounts of any other authority on request of the President.**  **a.** 1, 2, 4 **b.** 1, 2, 3 **c.** 2, 3, 4 **d.** 1, 3   |  | | --- | |  | |
| **8)   How is independence of CAG guaranteed? 1) President cannot remove CAG. 2) Expenses of his office are charged on Contingency Fund of India and are not voted upon. 3) His service conditions cannot be changed to his disadvantage after his appointment.**   **a. 1, 2 b. 1, 3 c. 2, 3 d. All of the above**   |  | | --- | |  | |
| **9)   Which is/are true regarding CAG? 1) CAG can be removed like a High Court Judge and on the same grounds. 2) CAG holds office for 5 years.**   **a. Only 1 b. Only 2 c. Both 1 and 2 d. Neither 1 nor 2**   |  | | --- | |  | |
| **10)   Which of the following is/are true? 1) The original constitution made the provision for special officer for linguistic minorities which was amended later. 2) The commissioner for linguistic minorities has his headquarters at Allahabad.**   **a. Only 1 b. Only 2 c. Both 1 and 2 d. Neither 1 nor 2** |
| **11)   What are functions of Special Officer for Linguistic Minorities? 1) Investigate all matters related to safeguards provided to the linguistic minorities. 2) Spread awareness amongst the linguistic minorities about the safeguards available to them. 3) Ensure effective implementation of the safeguards provided for the linguistic minorities.   a. 2 b. 1, 2 c. 2, 3 d. All of the above**   |  | | --- | |  | |
| **12)   Which of the following are special provisions mentioned in the Constitution relating to certain classes? 1) Commission to investigate the conditions of backward classes. 2) Permanently reservation of certain posts for Anglo-Indians in Union services. 3) Representation for Anglo-Indians in Lok Sabha.**  **4) National Commission for SCs.   a. 3, 4 b. 1, 3, 4 c. 1, 2, 3 d. All of the above**   |  | | --- | |  | |
| **13)   What are powers of National Commission for STs? 1) Commission has powers of civil court. 2) It can submit reports regarding particular states too. 3) Commission cannot regulate its own procedure and has to follow civil court procedure.   a. 2, 3 b. 1, 2 c. 1, 3 d. All of the above**   |  | | --- | |  | |
| **14)   What are functions and powers of National Commission for STs? 1) Advise on the planning process of socio-economic development of the STs. 2) Measures to be taken to confer minor forest produce ownership to STs living in forest areas. 3) Measures to be taken to encourage the practice of shifting cultivation by tribals. 4) Measures to be taken for full implementation of PESA.**   |  | | --- | | **a. 1, 2, 3 b. 1, 2, 4 c. 2, 3 d. All of the above** | |
| **15)   Which of the following is/are true regarding National Commission for Scheduled Tribes? 1) Article 338 deals with National Commission for Scheduled Tribes. 2) A new Ministry of Tribal Affairs was created in 1999.   a. Only 1 b. Only 2 c. Both 1 and 2 d. Neither 1 nor 2**   |  | | --- | |  | |
| **16)   What are powers of National Commission for SCs? 1) Commission has powers of criminal court in regards to examining witnesses. 2) Commission can regulate its own procedure. 3) State governments are required to consult the commission on all major policy matters affecting the SCs.   a. 1, 3 b. 1, 2 c. 2, 3 d. All of the above** |
| **17)   What are functions of National Commission for SCs? 1) Investigate and monitor all matters relating to the legal safeguards for the SCs. 2) Present reports to President. 3) Advise on the planning process of socio-economic development of the SCs.   a. 1, 3 b. 1, 2 c. 2, 3 d. All of the above** |
| **18)   Which of the following is/are true regarding National Commission for Scheduled Castes? 1) Originally the Constitution just had a Special officer for SCs and STs. 2) National Commission for SCs came into existence in 2001. 3) 88th Amendment bifurcated the National Commission for SCs and STs in to two.**  **a. 1 b. 1, 3 c. 2, 3 d. All of the above**   |  | | --- | |  | |
| **19)   Which of the following is/are true regarding composition of SPSC? 1) Though Governor appoints members of the SPSC, the members need to address their resignation to the President only. 2) Members of the Commission hold office for a term of 5 years or until they attain the age of 62 years, whichever is earlier.   a.** Only 1 **b.** Only 2 **c.** Both 1 and 2 **d.** Neither 1 nor 2 |
| **20)   Which of the following is/are true regarding SPSC? 1) Governor can only remove member of the SPSC and not the Chairman. 2) In case of removal of SPSC member on grounds of misbehavior, an enquiry by Supreme Court is a must.   a.** Only 1 **b.** Only 2 **c.** Both 1 and 2 **d.** Neither 1 nor 2 |
| **21)   Which of the following is/are true? 1) The Chairman of SPSC on ceasing to hold office can become chairman of UPSC but not member of UPSC. 2) A member of SPSC on ceasing to hold office can become Chairman of other SPSC.   a.** Only 1 **b.** Only 2 **c.** Both 1 and 2 **d.** Neither 1 nor 2   |  | | --- | |  | |
| **22)   Which statements are true regarding powers and functions of State Public Service Commission? 1) It is consulted for principles to be followed during promotions and appointments. 2) Selection by the SPSC does not confer any right to the post on the candidate. 3) If the government fails to consult SPSC in regards to personnel management, then the aggrieved public servant cannot go to court.**  **a. 1, 3 b. 1, 2 c. 2, 3 d. All of the above**   |  | | --- | |  | |
| **23)   Which statements are true regarding functions of UPSC? 1) It is consulted for principles to be followed during promotions and appointments. 2) Advising the Government on any matter referred to the commission by the President of India. 3) An individual ministry or department can reject advices tendered by UPSC. 4) If the government fails to consult UPSC in regards to personnel management, then the aggrieved public servant can go to Supreme Court.**  **a. 1, 3 b. 1, 2, 4 c. 2, 3, 4 d. 1, 2**   |  | | --- | |  | |
| **24)   Which of the following is/are true regarding limitations on UPSC? 1) UPSC is not consulted for making reservations of post in favor of backward classes. 2) The President can exclude posts, services and matters from the purview of the UPSC.   a.** Only 1 **b.** Only 2 **c.** Both 1 and 2 **d.** Neither 1 nor 2   |  | | --- | |  | |
| **25)   Which of the following is/are true? 1) Recommendations made by UPSC are only of advisory nature. 2) A member of UPSC on ceasing to hold office is eligible for appointment as the chairman of UPSC or chairman or member of State Public Service Commission (SPSC). 3) There is no second term for the same office for a Chairman or member of UPSC.**   |  | | --- | | **a. 1, 2 b. 1, 3 c. 2, 3 d. All of the above** | |
| **26)   Which of the following is/are true regarding UPSC? 1) Advice of the Supreme Court regarding removal of Chairman or member of UPSC is not binding on the President. 2) In case of removal of UPSC member on grounds of misbehavior, an enquiry by Supreme Court is a must.  a.** Only 1 **b.** Only 2 **c.** Both 1 and 2 **d.** Neither 1 nor 2   |  | | --- | |  | |
| **27)   Which of the following is/are true regarding composition of UPSC? 1) Strength of the UPSC has been left to the discretion of the President and is not mentioned in the Constitution. 2) Members of the Commission hold office for a term of 5 years or until they attain the age of 65 years, whichever is earlier.  a.** Only 1 **b.** Only 2 **c.** Both 1 and 2 **d.** Neither 1 nor 2 |
| **28)   Which of the following is/are true regarding Planning Commission and Finance Commission? 1) Finance Commission balances fiscal federalism in India. 2) Dr. P. V. Rajamannar, the Chairman of the Fourth Finance commission asked for scrapping the Planning Commission.  a.** Only 1 **b.** Only 2 **c.** Both 1 and 2 **d.** Neither 1 nor 2   |  | | --- | |  | |
| **29)   Which of the following are true regarding the Finance Commission? 1) The Chairman should be a judge of High Court or one qualified to be appointed a judge of High Court. 2) It consists of 4 other members apart from Chairman. 3) It is a quasi judicial body.**  **a. 3 b. 1, 2 c. 2, 3 d. All of the above**   |  | | --- | |  | |
| **30)   Which of the following is/are true regarding composition of Election Commission? 1) Constitution does not define strength of Election Commission. 2) Election Commission is a multi-members body.  a.** Only 1 **b.** Only 2 **c.** Both 1 and 2 **d.** Neither 1 nor 2 |
| **31)   Which of the following is/are true regarding powers and functions of Election Commission? 1) UPSC is not consulted for making reservations of post in favor of backward classes. 2) The President can exclude posts, services and matters from the purview of the UPSC.  a.** Only 1 **b.** Only 2 **c.** Both 1 and 2 **d.** Neither 1 nor 2   |  | | --- | |  | |
| **32)   Which of the following is/are true?  1) For removing other Election Commissioners, recommendation of the Chief Election Commissioner is compulsory. 2) The retiring Election Commissioners are eligible for appointment by the government after their tenure is over.  a.** Only 1 **b.** Only 2 **c.** Both 1 and 2 **d.** Neither 1 nor 2 |